



# Programming Essentials

Kinetikos

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Thank you!!

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*Thank You*





What is programming & why should we care?

# Strategy to Achieve Goal

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Series of training sessions repeated over time to elicit a specific adaptation from the body.





# What people buy

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- Which order for exercises
- Sets/ reps & other variables
- How long to do the exercises
- When to change things
- What to change
- etc.



Establish goal & reverse engineer.

“The goal is to keep  
the goal the goal.”

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Dan John





# Athlete

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- Stronger
- Faster
- More Power
- More Endurance
- Increased Performance
- More Resiliency
- Injury Prevention
- Increased Lean Mass?



# Gen-Pop

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- Feel Better
  - Can Do What They Love
  - Look Better
- Stronger
  - More Power
  - More Endurance
  - More Resiliency
  - Injury Prevention





# Needs Analysis

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What are components of goal?



# KB Snatch Test

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- 100x in 5 mins
- KB weight according to body weight (mine was 24kg KB)





# KB Snatch Test

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- Arms easily overhead
- Press the KB
- Excellent hinge mechanics
- Anti-extension core endurance
- Clean the KB 100x in 5 min
  - Swing - Double/Single
- ESD for 5 min high output





# USB C&P Test

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- **5 minute**
- **Women**
  - Under 150lbs: 40lbs Strength 50x
  - Over 150lbs: 60lbs Strength 40x
- **Men**
  - Under 171lbs: 60lbs Strength 50x
  - 171 - 210lbs: 80lbs Burly 40x
  - Over 210lbs: 100lbs Burly 40x



# USB C&P Test

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- Arms overhead easily
- Excellent hinge, clean, & press mechanics
- Able to clean the USB 50x in 5 min
- Able to press the USB overhead 50x in 5 min
- High upper back endurance strength
- Core endurance (especially anterior chain)
- ESD for 5 min high output





## A. Housewife

- 100km mountain hike/race



## B. Pro Rugby Athlete

- Run faster in matches



# Must establish

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1. Where is client/athlete starting from?
2. What is adaptable level of stress?
3. How much time can be dedicated per week?
4. How much time is available to reach the desired goal?

# Where are they starting from?

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- Questions
- Screens
- Assessments
- Tests





# Risk vs Reward

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Why Mike Boyle doesn't Back Squat



# Why programs fail

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- Unrealistic
- Impractical
- Unfocused
- Unmonitored



Adaptation is a process.

# Thoughtfully Applied Stress

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Programming is repeating training sessions with **incremental progression** to give **adaptable exposure** to stress.





# Sufficient exposure

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- Must encounter enough to push body to adapt
- Less frequent sessions must be more similar
- 1x week same session 5-6 weeks straight

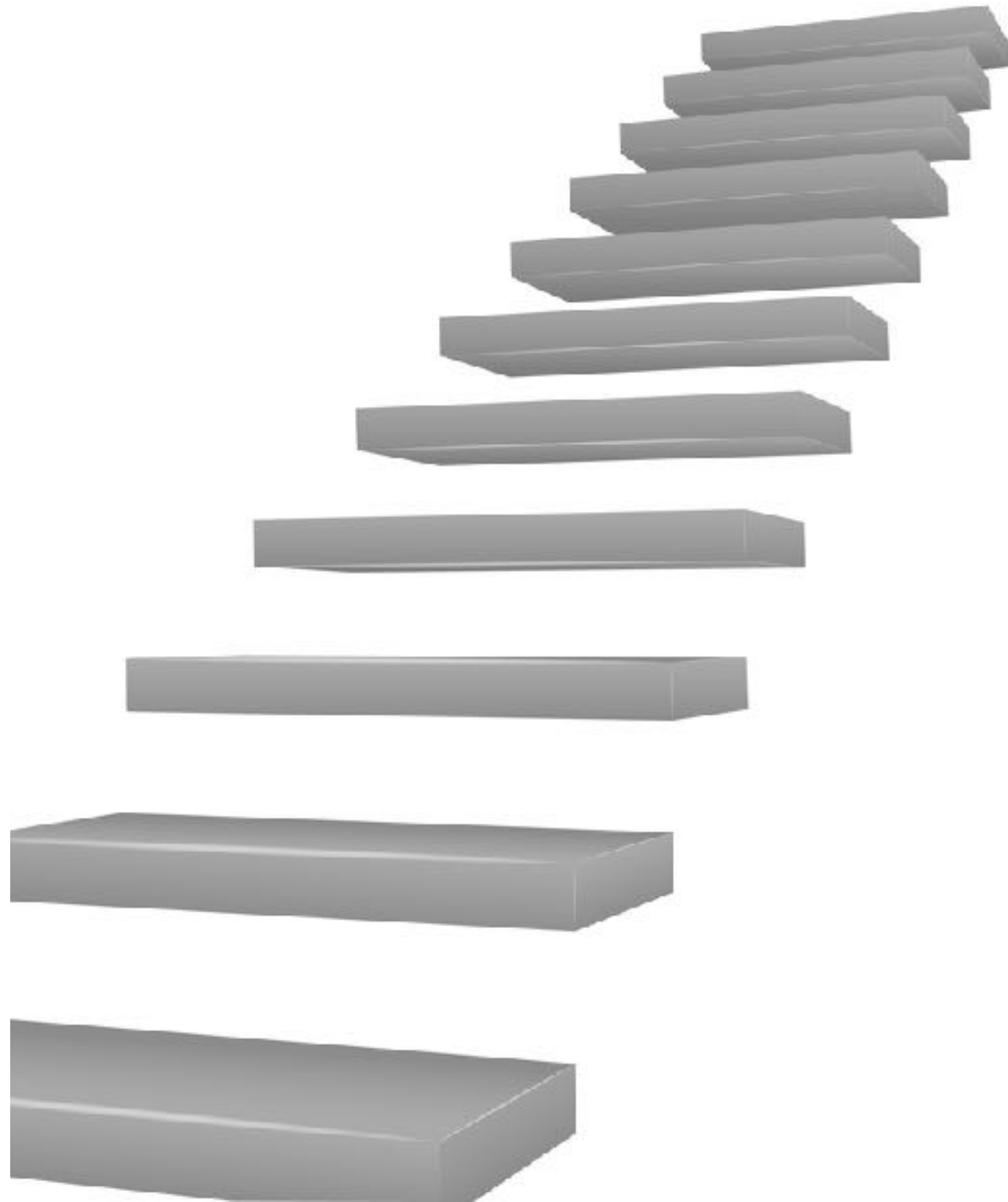




# Graded exposure

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- What can they reasonably recover from?
- Frequency, volume & intensity determined by recovery capacity
- Less recovery capacity requires less stress & slower progression



# Stress summates

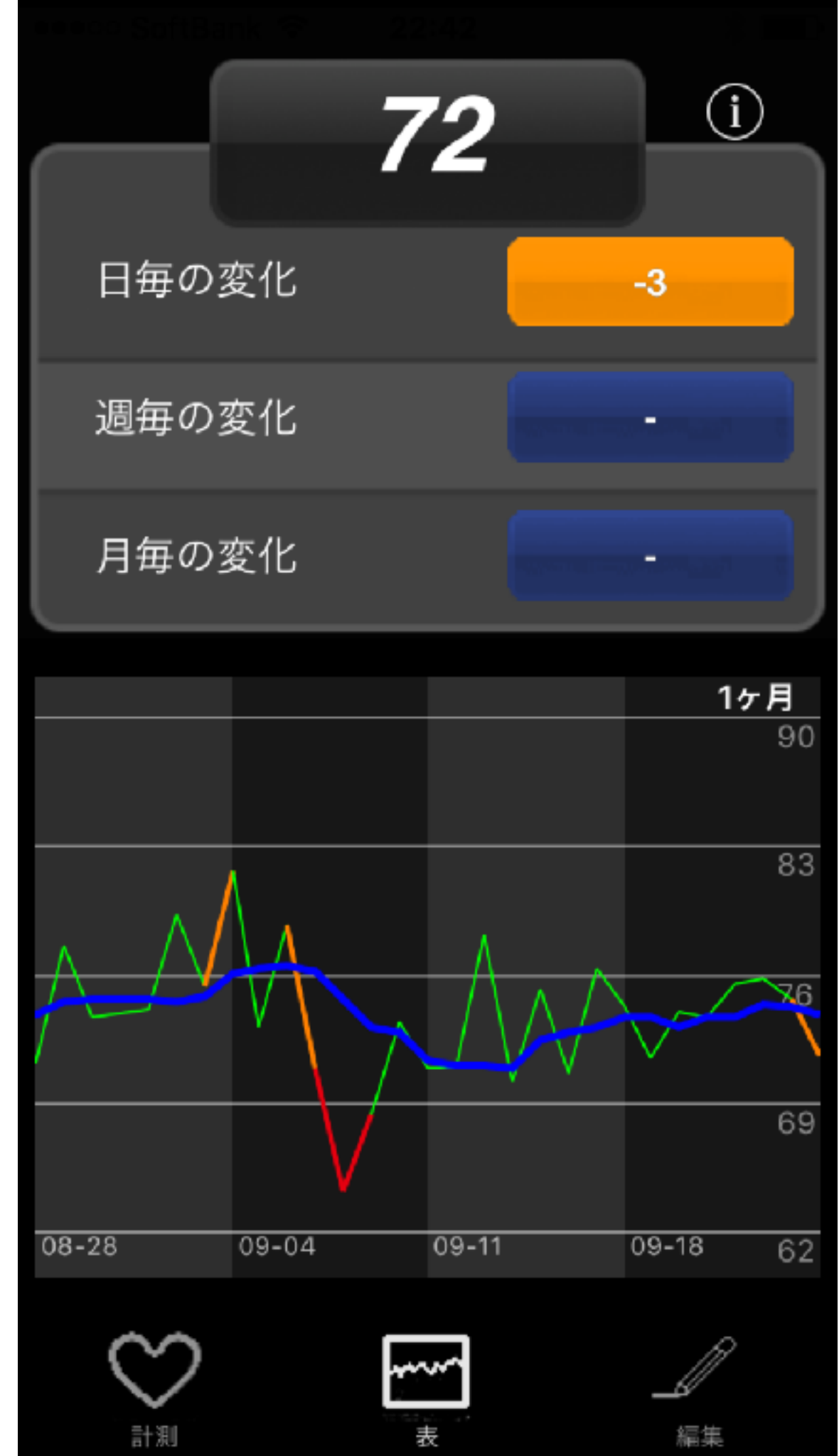
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- Mental
  - Worry / Anxiety
  - Conflict
  - Sadness
- Physical
  - Training
  - Lack of sleep
  - Poor nutrition



# Monitoring

- What can they adapt to today?
- Identify & account for low recovery days
- Reduce volume first, then intensity
- Less is more



Programming requires structure.

# Emphasized qualities based on goals

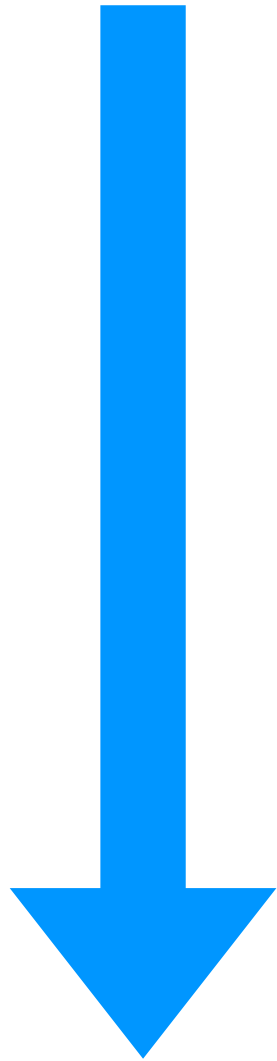
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- Determine Qualities
  - Consider Methods
    - Pick Exercises/Implements





Structure



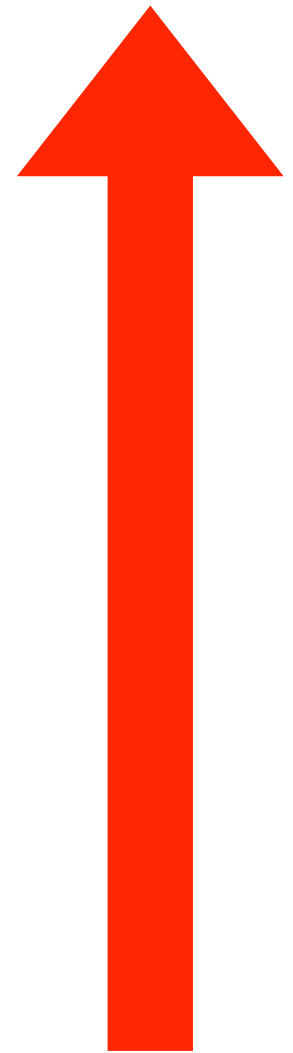
Exercises

Training Sessions

Weekly Blocks

Monthly Blocks

Overall Program



Desired Goal

“The fact that it’s much, much, much harder to get something for the first time, than it is to keep it or get it back if you’ve lost it, is why we use periodization blocks in the first place. With a periodization block, basically you stop doing some things so you can redirect your time, energy and will on making gains in a particular something else, the block is long enough so you can get into the zone to accomplish it and make meaningful progress.”

JUJIMUFU  
[acrobolix.com](http://acrobolix.com)

# Periodization

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- Main focus during that period of time
- Can build multiple qualities simultaneously if underdeveloped
- Consider individual
- KISS
- Don't get too specific too fast - GPP





# Training Session

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- Mobilization
- Activation
- Power
- Core\*
- SAQ
- Strength
- ESD (Conditioning)
- **Library structured to facilitate**



# Mobilization

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- Joint complexes
  - Thoracic
  - Hips
  - Ankles
  - Integrated



# Activation

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- Chains
  - Anterior
  - Posterior
  - Lateral
  - Contra-Lateral
  - Integrated





# Power

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- Equipment & Direction
  - Bodyweight
  - Heavy Linear
  - Heavy Lateral
- Throws



# Core

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- Resist extraneous motion
  - Anti-extension
  - Anti-lateral flexion
  - Anti-rotation
- PNF
- Get Up



# SAQ

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- Direction
  - Linear
  - Lateral





# Strength

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- By movement
  - Hinge
  - Squat
  - Lunge - Step
  - Push (V & H)
  - Pull (V & H)
- Accessory Knee & Periscapula



# Conditioning / ESD

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- By mode
  - Cardio
  - Carries



# Transformation

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- X-pattern eccentric to concentric transition
- By chain
  - Anterior
  - Posterior
  - Rotation





# Training Session

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- **Mobilization / Activation**
  - 8-10 EX : Whole body or task at hand
- **Power**
  - 1-2 EX : Volume & intensity based on goal. Inverse to strength & ESD
- **Core**
  - 1-2 EX : Own section or couple with power, strength, or ESD
- **SAQ**
  - 1-3 EX : Low volume & intensity when in comprehensive session (can be own session)
- **Strength**
  - 2-6 EX : Volume & intensity based on goal. Inverse to power & ESD
- **ESD (Conditioning)**
  - 10-15 min when in comprehensive session (can be own session)
  - Transformation exercises?

# Linking Exercises

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Knee  
Dominant

=

Lower Body  
Push

=

Squat  
Lunge  
Step

Hip  
Dominant

=

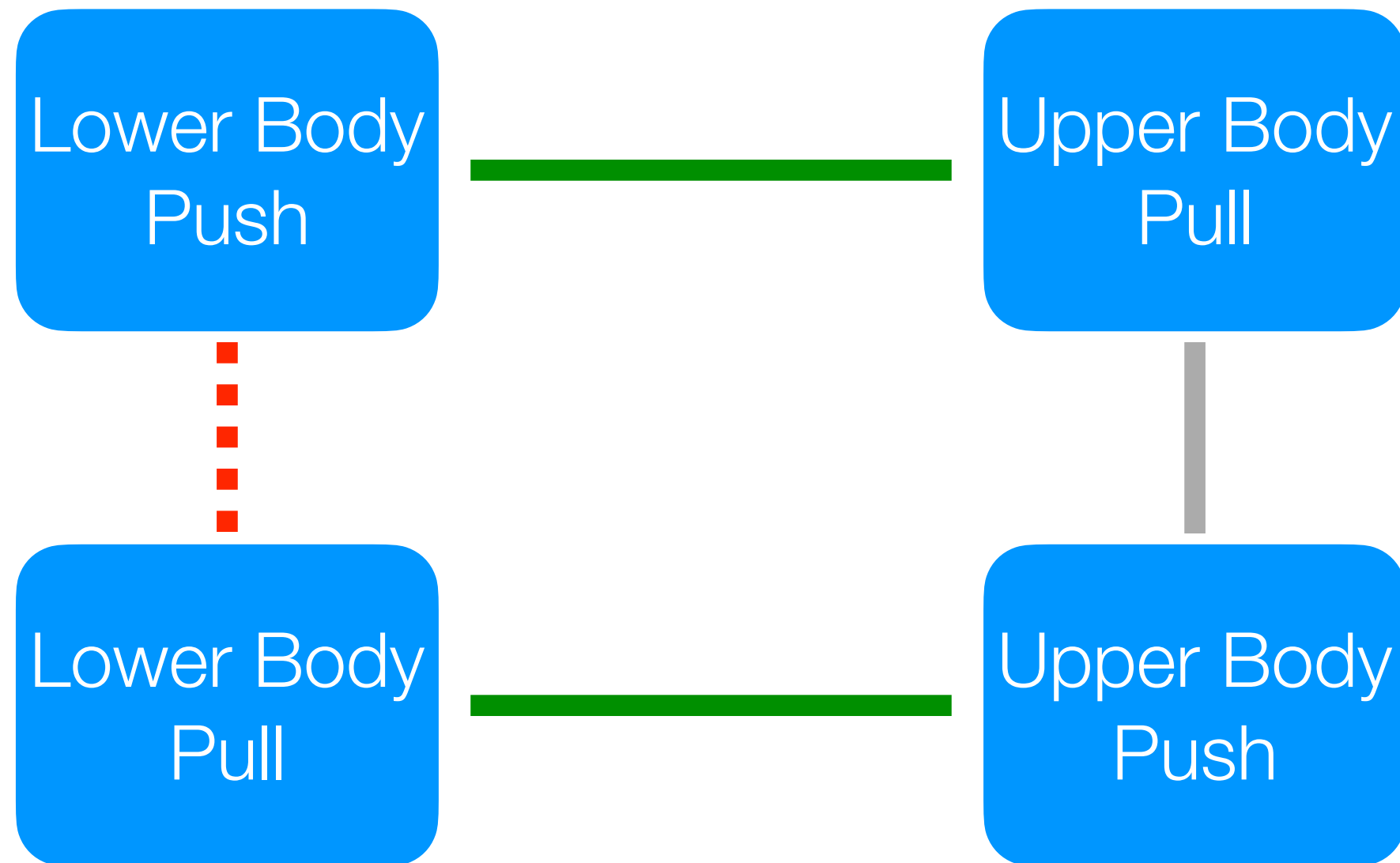
Lower Body  
Pull

=

Deadlift  
(Hinge)

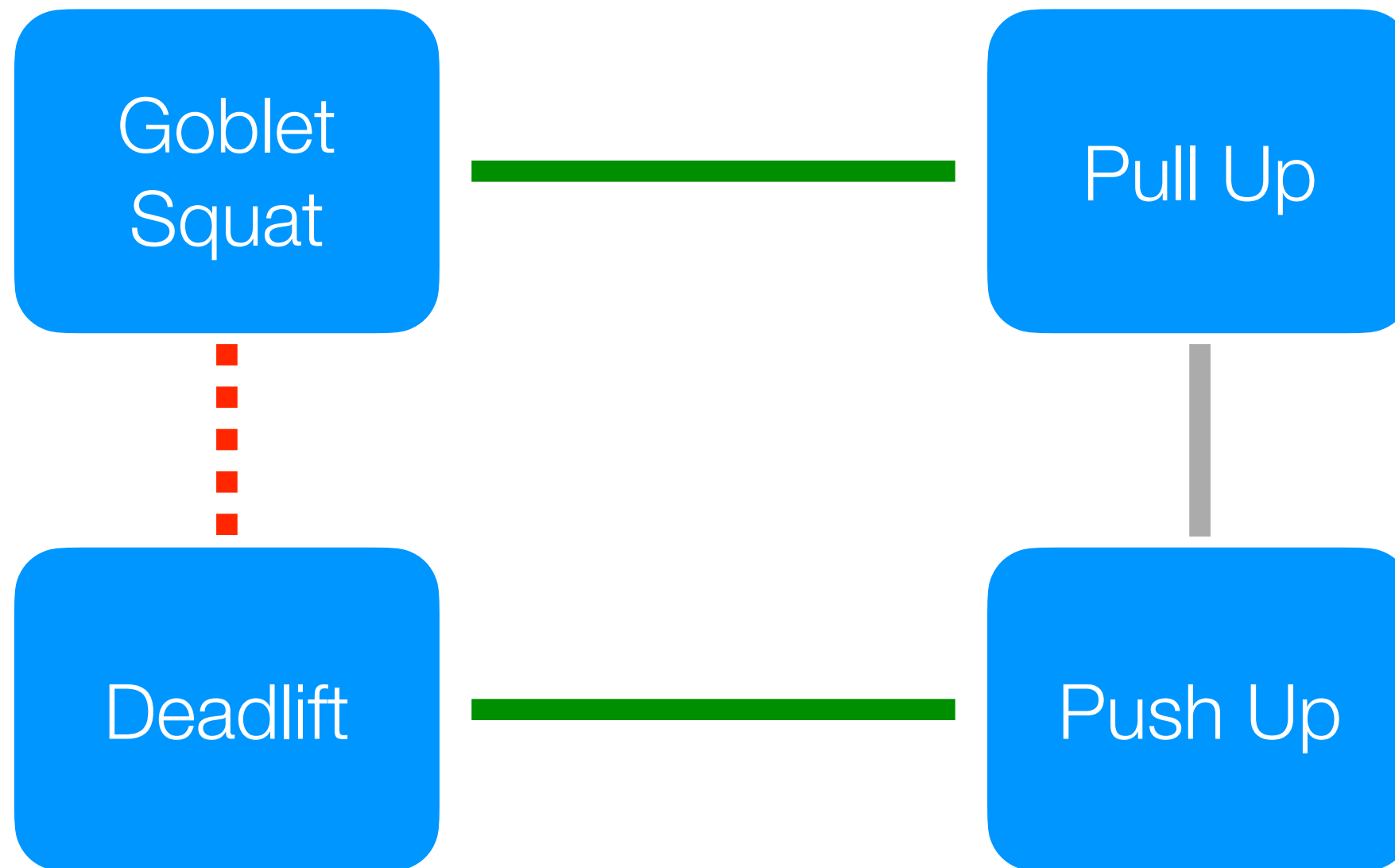
# Linking Exercises

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# Linking Exercises

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# Linking Exercises : Non-Competing Chains

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Anterior

Posterior

Lateral

Rotational

# Linking Exercises : Non-Competing Chains

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Posterior

Anterior

Rotational

Deadlift

Push Up

Anti-  
Rotation  
Press

# Linking Exercises : Non-Competing Chains

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Anterior

Posterior

Lateral

Goblet  
Squat

Pull Up

Side Bridge

# Circuits

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- Elaborate super-setting
- Efficiency & Density
- Time Based vs Rep Based
- Intent determines time interval
  - 40:20
    - Negative rest - essentially cardio session
  - 20:40 (or 15:45)
    - Positive rest - can develop strength & power (Coach Dos Remedios)





# Circuits

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- HIIT
  - HIGH
  - INTENSITY
  - INTERVAL
  - TRAINING
- HISS (Michol Dalcourt)
  - HIGH
  - INTENSITY
  - STEADY
  - STATE



# Balancing the week : 2x week

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	Day 1	Day 2
Power	Linear	Lateral
Core	Anti-Lateral Flexion	Anti-Extension
Strength 1	Bilateral Hinge	Bilateral Squat
Strength 2	Bilateral Push	Bilateral Pull
Strength 3	Unilateral Squat	Unilateral Hinge
Strength 4	Unilateral Pull	Unilateral Push

# Balancing the week : 3x week

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	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
Power	Linear	Lateral	Body Weight
Core	Anti-Lateral Flexion	Anti-Extension	Anti-Rotation
Strength 1	Bilateral Hinge	Bilateral Squat	Unilateral Hinge
Strength 2	Bilateral Push	Bilateral Pull	Unilateral Push
Strength 3	Unilateral Squat	Knee Flexion	Unilateral Squat
Strength 4	Unilateral Pull	Unilateral Push	Periscapular (Pull Based)

# Balancing the week : 4x week

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	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4
Power	Lateral	Linear	Lateral	Linear
Core	Anti-Extension	Anti-Lateral Flexion	PNF	Anti-Rotation
Strength 1	Bilateral Hinge	Bilateral Push	Bilateral Squat	Bilateral Pull
Strength 2	Unilateral Squat	Unilateral Pull	Unilateral Hinge	Unilateral Push
Strength 3	Knee Flexion	Periscapular	Knee Flexion	Periscapular



# Templates

- Don't reinvent the wheel
- Similar framework & movements tailored to individual
- Hinge 3x8
  - Trap Bar | Deadlift
  - USB | Deadlift
  - BB | Sumo | Deadlift
- Establish baseline & set alternates

DAY 1		
Baseline	Alternate #1	Alternate #2
<input checked="" type="radio"/> USB   High Pull	<input type="radio"/> KB   Swing	<input type="radio"/> BB   High Pull
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Trap Bar   Deadlift	<input type="radio"/> USB   Deadlift	<input type="radio"/> BB   Sumo   Deadlift
<input checked="" type="radio"/> KB   1 Hand   OH Press	<input type="radio"/> USB   Half Kneeling   Arc Press	<input type="radio"/> KB   2 Hand   OH Press
<input checked="" type="radio"/> KB   Goblet   RFE   Split Squat	<input type="radio"/> DB   Reverse Lunge	<input type="radio"/> DB   RFE   Split Squat
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Suspension   Feet Elevated   Inverted Row	<input type="radio"/> Suspension   Row	<input type="radio"/> USB   Bent Over   Row
DAY 2		
Baseline	Alternate #1	Alternate #2
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Cable   Half Kneeling   Anti-Rotation Press	<input type="radio"/> Cable   Tall Kneeling   Anti-Rotation Press	<input type="radio"/> Cable   Half Kneeling   Hover   Anti-Rotation Press

Progression is systematic.

# Progression

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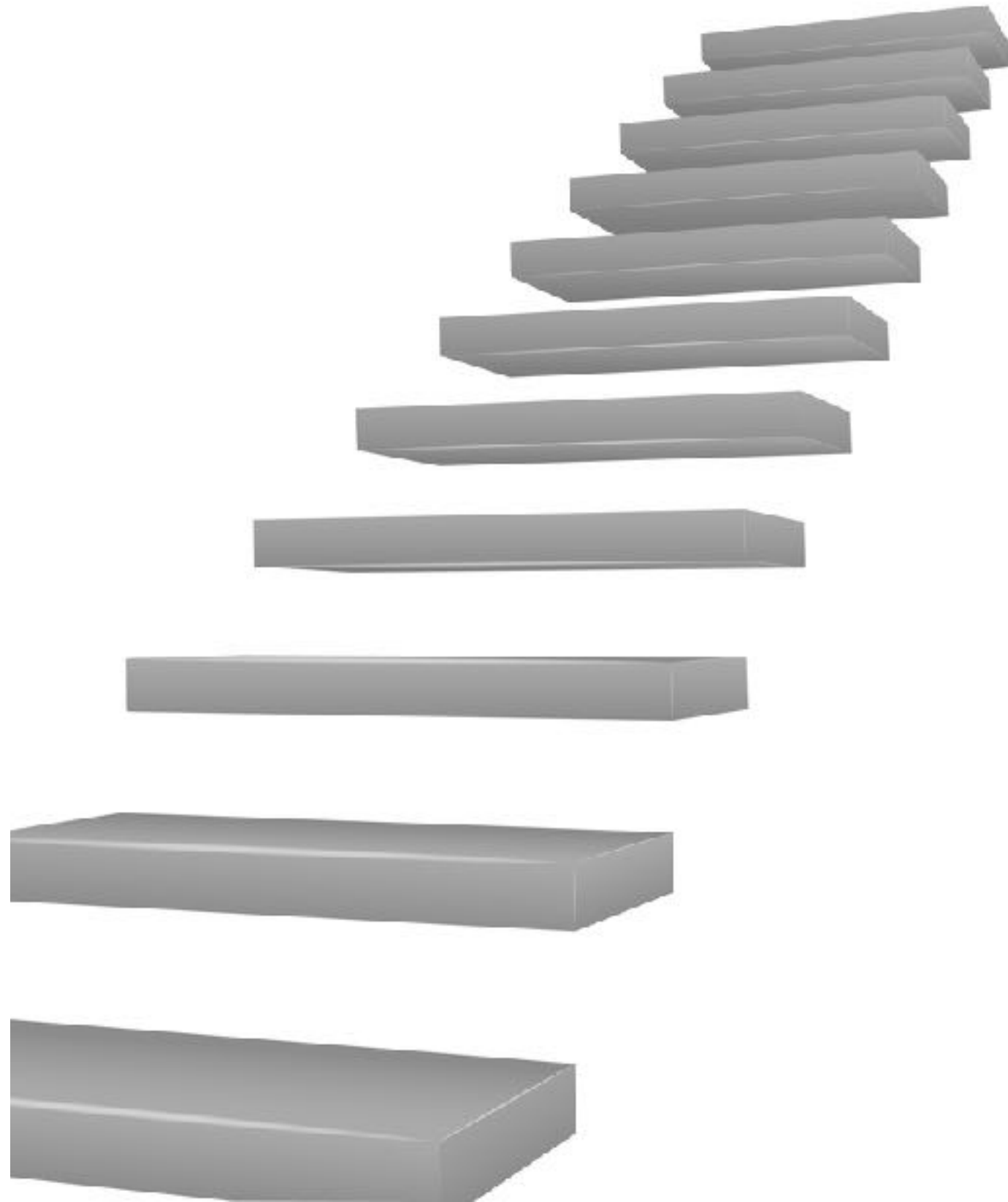
- Load is most common
- Often neglected (Josh Henkin):
  - Body Position
  - Implement
  - Load Position
  - Plane of Motion
  - Speed
- Make heavy weight light and light weight heavy



# Progression

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- Short term (month block)
  - Load & Volume
  - 3x8@20kg -> 3x10@25kg
- Long term (month to month)
  - Body Position
  - Implement
  - Load Position
  - Plane of Motion





# Hard Progression vs Soft Progression

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- KB | Deadlift
- USB | Deadlift
- USB | Good Morning
- Trap Bar | Deadlift
- BB | Sumo | Deadlift
- BB | Deadlift

“Earn your  
progression.”

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Chris Frankel



“The hardest thing that  
you do well.”

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Craig Liebenson





# Counterintuitive

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- Not how hard it feels, how well it is executed
- Tall Kneeling | Anti-Rotation Press
- Standing | Anti-Rotation Press





# Counterintuitive

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- Load can make things easier
- USB | Squat with Press Out easier than bodyweight version
- Heavier implement can sometimes help feel power exercises



# Counterintuitive

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- Unilateral is not always a progression from bilateral
- If asymmetrical, unilateral may be the best starting point



# Progression, Variation, NOT Random

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Novel input through progressive  
variety within adaptable framework



“Same but different.”

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Pavel Tsatsouline







What reps really mean

Near technical failure at end



The exercise library is the foundation.

# Role of exercise library

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- Organized to rapidly select exercises and assemble programs
- Clear, consistent structure for staff and colleagues





# Organization

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- Group & Subgroup
  - Not overly complicated
- Progressions & Regressions according to your philosophy



# Naming protocols

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- Steve Di Tomaso & Kari Negraiff
- Components of exercise
  - Implement
  - Holding Position
  - Relative Load Position
  - Body Position
  - Activity (i.e. movement)
  - Transition





# Kinetikos Library

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- Movement based
- Organized by qualities (corresponds to sections of training sessions)
- No people or countries in exercises names (Mike Boyle)
- Not the only way...free to do things your way





Thank you!!

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*Thank You*



